

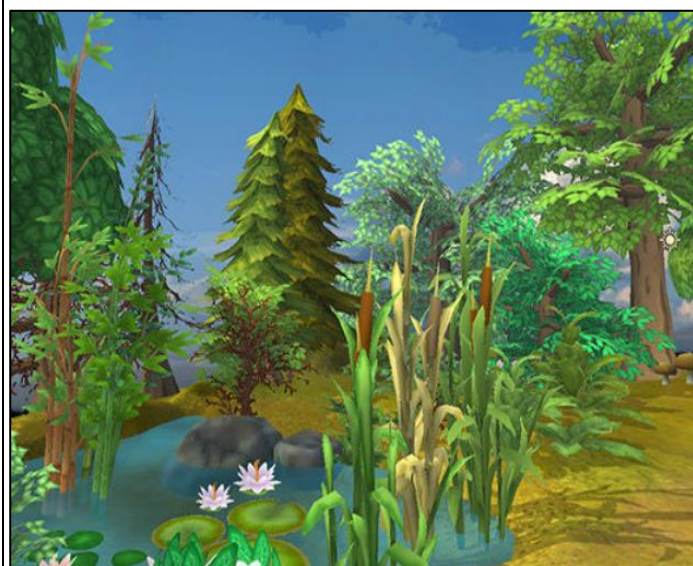


PLANTS

Where does our food come from? Science Knowledge Organiser

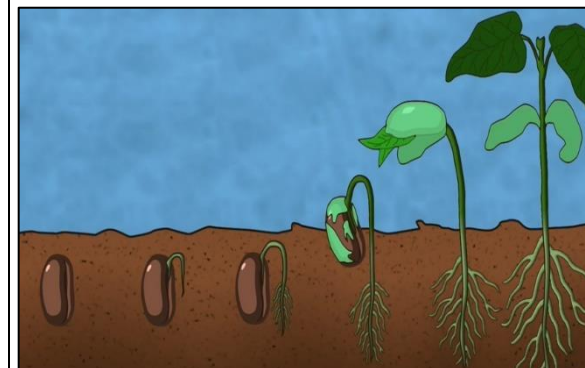
Year 2

What you should already know...

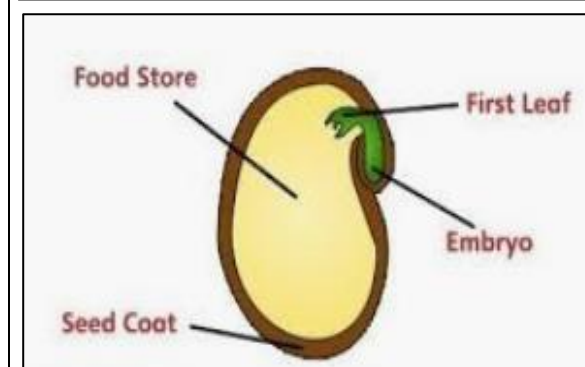


- Plants are a large group of living things that use sunlight to make their own food.
- There are many, many different kinds of plants, including trees, vines and grasses.
- Plants have lots of different parts, for example stems, leaves and roots.
- Some trees lose their leaves in the winter (deciduous). Some keep their leaves through the year (evergreen).
- Some plants are 'flowering plants' – they grow flowers on them.

Growth from Seeds/Bulbs into Mature Plants




- * **Germination** is the name for when a plant starts to grow. A plant is germinating when its seed begins to **sprout**.
- * Inside a seed/bulb is the baby plant (an **embryo**). Seeds have a tough layer on the outside to protect the plant (the **seed coat**).
- * Seeds and bulbs do not need sunlight in order to grow. They already have their own **food store** inside them!
- * However, they do need the **right conditions** to grow. Normally, they need **water, air and the right temperature**. This can often be found in well-watered soil!



What Plants Need to Grow


Water and Nutrients



Like animals and humans, plants need water and nutrients to survive.

- Plants are able to get water from the soil through their roots.
- They can also catch water on their leaves.

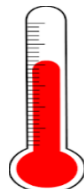
Light



Plants need lots of sunlight to help them grow.

- Plants do not eat food. They instead use sunlight to make their own food.
- Too little light will leave plants weak.


Temperature



-Plants need the temperature to be just right for them to grow properly.

- If it is too hot, they may burn and wilt. If it is too cold, they may freeze and die. This is why there are less plants at the poles and the deserts.

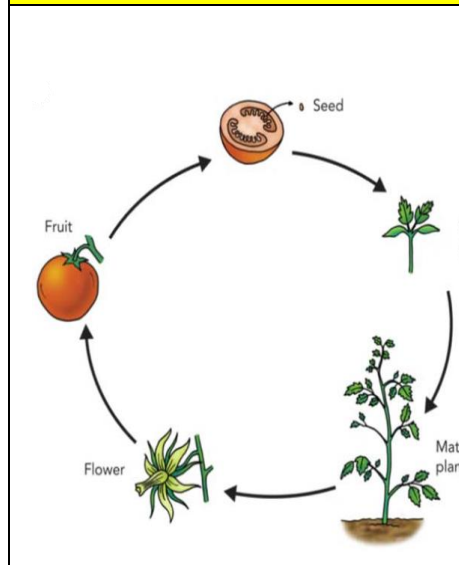
Space and Time



-Plants need room for their roots and stems to be able to grow. Without enough room, they may not grow large enough.

- Plants also need time – it can take days, months or even years for them to grow.

Plant Life Cycle



Plants have a clear life cycle that helps them to keep reproducing:

Seeds/bulbs – Plants begin life as seeds or bulbs. They need soil, air and water to grow.

Seedling – Plants grow into young plants. They now need light, temperature, water, space and time to keep growing.

Flowering/Fruit – Plants grow flowers and fruits. These produce seeds. When the plant dies or is pollinated, the seeds find their way to the soil. The process starts again!

Smaller Plants

Taller Plants

Dandelion – about 25 centimetres

Dwarf Evergreen Shrub – about 1 metre

Sunflower – 1-3 metres

Titan Arum Flower – up to 3.5 metres

Spruce (Christmas Tree) – up to 30 metres

Giant Redwood Tree – 100 metres +